

|                  |       |       |       |                  |       |       |  |
|------------------|-------|-------|-------|------------------|-------|-------|--|
| Do 12. Juni 2025 |       |       |       | Fr 13. Juni 2025 |       |       |  |
| 6:00             | 12:00 | 18:00 | 24:00 | 6:00             | 12:00 | 18:00 |  |

|                  |       |       |       |                  |       |       |  |
|------------------|-------|-------|-------|------------------|-------|-------|--|
| Do 12. Juni 2025 |       |       |       | Fr 13. Juni 2025 |       |       |  |
| 6:00             | 12:00 | 18:00 | 24:00 | 6:00             | 12:00 | 18:00 |  |

The graph displays a blue line representing the current  $A$  in  $\text{l/s}$  over a period of 150 seconds. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  and  $\text{l/s}$ , with major grid lines every 0.1 units from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time in seconds, with major grid lines every 10 seconds. A vertical black line is positioned at approximately 100 seconds. The current starts at about 5.3  $\text{l/s}$ , drops to 4.7  $\text{l/s}$ , and then rises to a peak of 6.2  $\text{l/s}$  at around 80 seconds. It then drops to a minimum of 4.1  $\text{l/s}$  at approximately 110 seconds, before rising back to 5.6  $\text{l/s}$  by the end of the 150-second period.

The graph displays a complex, step-like waveform representing current A (I/s) over time. The y-axis ranges from 4 to 6.2 I/s. The waveform is characterized by sharp vertical transitions and horizontal plateaus. A central vertical line is drawn at approximately 50% of the x-axis, likely indicating a midpoint or a specific time reference. The waveform shows a significant increase in current starting around 25% of the x-axis, reaching a peak of approximately 6.2 I/s, followed by a sharp drop and subsequent fluctuations.

The graph displays a signal A (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled 'A I/s' and ranges from 4 to 6.2 with major grid lines every 0.1 units. The x-axis is divided into two sections by a vertical line. The left section shows a signal that starts at approximately 5.3 I/s, drops to 4.7 I/s, and then rises to a peak of 6.2 I/s. The right section shows a signal that starts at approximately 4.7 I/s, drops to 4.4 I/s, and then rises to a peak of 6.2 I/s. The signal is highly oscillatory and noisy throughout the entire range.

The graph displays a signal  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis is divided into two sections by a vertical line. The left section shows a signal that fluctuates between approximately 4.4 and 6.2 I/s. The right section shows a signal that fluctuates between approximately 4.1 and 6.2 I/s.

The graph displays a signal  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis is divided into two sections by a vertical line. The left section shows a signal that fluctuates between approximately 4.4 and 6.2 I/s. The right section shows a signal that fluctuates between approximately 4.1 and 6.2 I/s.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time, with a vertical line at approximately 50% of the total duration. The current starts at 5.0 I/s, increases in steps to 6.2 I/s, and then decreases in steps back to 5.0 I/s. There are several sharp fluctuations throughout the graph, particularly in the middle and right sections.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time, with a vertical line at approximately 50% of the total duration. The current starts at 5.0 I/s, increases in steps to 6.2 I/s, and then decreases in steps back to 5.0 I/s. There are several sharp fluctuations throughout the graph, particularly in the middle and right sections.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time, with a vertical line at approximately 50% of the total duration. The current starts at 5.0 I/s, increases in steps to 6.2 I/s, and then decreases in steps back to 5.0 I/s. There are several sharp fluctuations throughout the graph, particularly in the middle and right sections.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time, with a vertical line at approximately 50% of the total duration. The current starts at 5.0 I/s, increases in steps to 6.2 I/s, and then decreases in steps back to 5.0 I/s. There are several sharp fluctuations throughout the graph, particularly in the middle and right sections.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time, with a vertical line at approximately 50% of the total duration. The current starts at 5.0 I/s, increases in steps to 6.2 I/s, and then decreases in steps back to 5.0 I/s. There are several sharp fluctuations throughout the graph, particularly in the middle and right sections.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time, with a vertical line indicating a transition point. The current starts at approximately 5.3 I/s, drops to 5.0 I/s, and then rises in steps to a peak of about 6.2 I/s. After the transition, the current drops in steps to a minimum of about 4.1 I/s and then rises back to 4.4 I/s.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time, with a vertical line indicating a transition point. The current starts at approximately 5.3 I/s, drops to 5.0 I/s, and then rises in steps to a peak of about 6.2 I/s. After the transition, the current drops in steps to a minimum of about 4.1 I/s and then rises back to 4.4 I/s.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time, with a vertical line indicating a transition point. The current starts at approximately 5.3 I/s, drops to 5.0 I/s, and then rises in steps to a peak of about 6.2 I/s. After the transition, the current drops in steps to a minimum of about 4.1 I/s and then rises back to 4.4 I/s.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time, with a vertical line indicating a transition point. The current starts at approximately 5.3 I/s, drops to 5.0 I/s, and then rises in steps to a peak of about 6.2 I/s. After the transition, the current drops in steps to a minimum of about 4.1 I/s and then rises back to 4.4 I/s.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time, with a vertical line indicating a transition point. The current starts at approximately 5.3 I/s, drops to 5.0 I/s, and then rises in steps to a peak of about 6.2 I/s. After the transition, the current drops in steps to a minimum of about 4.1 I/s and then rises back to 4.4 I/s.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time, with a vertical line indicating a transition point. The current starts at approximately 5.3 I/s, drops to 5.0 I/s, and then rises in steps to a peak of about 6.2 I/s. After the transition, the current drops in steps to a minimum of about 4.1 I/s and then rises back to 4.4 I/s.

The graph displays a signal  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis is divided into two sections by a vertical line. The left section shows a signal that fluctuates between approximately 4.4 and 6.2 I/s. The right section shows a signal that fluctuates between approximately 4.1 and 5.9 I/s.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time, with a vertical line at approximately 50% of the scale. The current starts at 5.3 I/s, drops to 4.7 I/s, and then rises in steps to 6.2 I/s. After the vertical line, the current drops in steps to a minimum of 4.1 I/s and then rises back to 5.6 I/s.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time, with a vertical line at approximately 50% of the scale. The current starts at 5.3 I/s, drops to 4.7 I/s, and then rises in steps to 6.2 I/s. After the vertical line, the current drops in steps to a minimum of 4.1 I/s and then rises back to 5.6 I/s.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time, with a vertical line at approximately 50% of the total duration. The current starts at approximately 5.3 I/s, drops to 5.0 I/s, and then fluctuates between 4.7 I/s and 5.3 I/s. It then rises in steps to 5.6 I/s, 5.9 I/s, and finally 6.2 I/s. After the vertical line, the current drops in steps to 5.0 I/s, 4.7 I/s, and then fluctuates between 4.1 I/s and 4.7 I/s. It then rises in steps to 4.9 I/s, 5.3 I/s, 5.6 I/s, and finally 5.9 I/s.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time, with a vertical line at approximately 50% of the scale. The current starts at 5.3 I/s, drops to 4.7 I/s, and then rises in steps to 6.2 I/s. After the vertical line, the current drops in steps to a minimum of 4.1 I/s and then rises back to 5.6 I/s.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time, with a vertical line at approximately 50% of the scale. The current starts at 5.3 I/s, drops to 4.7 I/s, and then rises in steps to 6.2 I/s. After the vertical line, the current drops in steps to a minimum of 4.1 I/s and then rises back to 5.6 I/s.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time in seconds, ranging from 0 to 15. The current starts at approximately 5.3 I/s, drops to 5.0 I/s, and then fluctuates between 4.7 I/s and 5.3 I/s. At around 8.5 seconds, the current rises sharply to a peak of 6.2 I/s. It then drops to 5.6 I/s and continues to fluctuate between 5.0 I/s and 5.6 I/s. At approximately 10.5 seconds, the current drops significantly to 4.4 I/s and remains relatively stable until 12.5 seconds. After this, it rises to 4.7 I/s and then drops to 4.4 I/s. The current then rises to 5.0 I/s and fluctuates between 4.7 I/s and 5.0 I/s. At around 14.5 seconds, the current rises to 5.6 I/s and then drops to 4.4 I/s. The graph ends at approximately 15.5 seconds with the current at 4.4 I/s.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time in seconds, ranging from 0 to 15. The current starts at approximately 5.3 I/s, drops to 5.0 I/s, and then fluctuates between 4.7 I/s and 5.3 I/s. At around 10 seconds, the current drops sharply to approximately 4.4 I/s and remains relatively stable until about 12 seconds. After 12 seconds, the current rises sharply to approximately 5.9 I/s and then fluctuates between 5.6 I/s and 6.2 I/s.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis ranges from 4 to 6.2 I/s. The current starts at approximately 5.3 I/s, drops to 5.0 I/s, and then fluctuates between 4.7 I/s and 5.3 I/s. At around 8 seconds, the current rises sharply to a peak of 6.2 I/s. It then drops to 5.6 I/s and continues to fluctuate between 5.6 I/s and 5.9 I/s. At approximately 10 seconds, the current drops significantly to 4.7 I/s and remains relatively stable until about 15 seconds. After 15 seconds, the current drops again to a minimum of 4.1 I/s and remains at this level until about 20 seconds. Finally, it rises sharply to 5.6 I/s and remains stable until the end of the measurement.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis ranges from 4 to 6.2 I/s. The current starts at approximately 5.3 I/s, drops to 5.0 I/s, and then fluctuates between 4.7 I/s and 5.3 I/s. At around 8 seconds, the current rises sharply to a peak of 6.2 I/s. It then drops to 5.6 I/s and continues to fluctuate between 5.6 I/s and 5.9 I/s. At approximately 10 seconds, the current drops significantly to 4.7 I/s and remains relatively stable until about 15 seconds. After 15 seconds, the current drops again to a minimum of 4.1 I/s and remains at this level until about 20 seconds. Finally, it rises sharply to 5.6 I/s and remains stable until the end of the measurement.

The graph displays a blue line representing the current A (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled 'A I/s' and ranges from 4 to 6.2 with major grid lines every 0.1 units. The x-axis is marked with 100 vertical grid lines, with a prominent vertical line at the 50th grid line. The waveform is characterized by sharp, step-like transitions. It starts at approximately 5.3 I/s, drops to 5.0 I/s, and then fluctuates between 4.7 I/s and 5.3 I/s for the first 25 grid lines. Between 25 and 50 grid lines, it rises to a peak of about 6.2 I/s and then falls back to 5.0 I/s. From 50 to 75 grid lines, it drops to a minimum of about 4.1 I/s and then rises to 4.7 I/s. Finally, between 75 and 100 grid lines, it rises to a peak of about 5.9 I/s and then falls to 5.3 I/s.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis ranges from 4 to 6.2 I/s. The graph is divided into two sections by a vertical line at approximately 50% of the x-axis. The left section shows a step-like increase in current from 5.0 to 6.2 I/s, with some fluctuations. The right section shows a step-like decrease in current from 5.0 to 4.1 I/s, also with fluctuations. The current returns to 5.0 I/s at the end of the right section.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis ranges from 4 to 6.2 I/s. The graph is divided into two sections by a vertical line at approximately 50% of the x-axis. The left section shows a step-like increase in current from 5.0 to 6.2 I/s, with some fluctuations. The right section shows a step-like decrease in current from 5.0 to 4.1 I/s, also with fluctuations. The current returns to 5.0 I/s at the end of the right section.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis ranges from 4 to 6.2 I/s. The graph is divided into two sections by a vertical line at approximately 50% of the x-axis. The left section shows a step-like increase in current from 5.0 to 6.2 I/s, with some fluctuations. The right section shows a step-like decrease in current from 5.0 to 4.1 I/s, also with fluctuations. The current returns to 5.0 I/s at the end of the right section.

The graph displays the current  $A$  (I/s) over time. The y-axis is labeled  $A$  I/s and ranges from 4 to 6.2. The x-axis represents time, with a vertical line at approximately 50% of the total duration. The current starts at approximately 5.3 I/s, drops to 5.0 I/s, and then fluctuates between 4.7 I/s and 5.3 I/s. It then rises to a peak of approximately 6.2 I/s. After the vertical line, the current drops to approximately 4.4 I/s, reaches a minimum of approximately 4.1 I/s, and then rises back to approximately 4.4 I/s.

Kanton Solothurn  
Amt für Umwelt  
4509 Solothurn

A — 3506 22 10 Abfluss l/s/Moosbächli, Etziken

Kleinere Lücken sind nicht dargestellt.  
Zeiten in Sommer-/Winterzeit!

**2-Tagesgang**  
**616/227/003 Moosbächli, Etziken**

**2-Tagesgang**  
**616/227/003 Moosbächli, Etziken**

30.07.2025